## TAKE IT EASY.

Take it easy! life at longest But a lengthened shadow is, And the brave as well as strongest Dare not call to-morrow his! Take it easy-for tc-lay All your plans of wisdom lay.

Take it easy! done with fretting, Meet your neighbor with a smile, From the rising sun to setting Live the present all the while. Take it easy! every vow Make in reference to now.

Take it easy ! what is hidden, Or is wrong, or seemeth so Leave it as a thing forbidden, Out of which a curse may grow. Take it easy! never pry Into what will cause a sigh.

Take it easy! daily turning To the monitor within, On its altar always burning Keep an incense free from sin! Take it easy! never fear [clear. While you keep your conscience

Take it easy! ever leaning To the sides of truth and right; Happiness from virtue gleaning, Peace of mind from wisdom bright! Take it easy! for at best, Life is but a sorrow jest.

Fall of the Leaning Tower of Pisa.

We have been favoured, by John Duggon, Esq., with the following extract from a letter received by him under date of July 1st, from an intelligent friend of his now

The building to which the extracts refer had fallen into a tub of filthy water and was called the Campanile, and formed the was nearly drowned. Belfry of the Duomo or Cathedral, a Gothic edifice at Pisa and was known to most Europeans as the 'Leaning Tower of Pisa.' It was finished in 1174, and was about 160 feet high, and 12 feet out of the perpendicular: this beautiful edifice was adorned with more than 200 columns of granite and other marbles, the ascent to top was easy, and the view extensive he says;

"I was fortunate enough to be at Pisa which I would not have missed for the world, as I was an eye- wittness, I hasten to communicate the description, so far as my scribbling powers will permit me.

"Were I to commence by telling you that the Tower of Pisa had fallen to the ground, you would no doubt consider it a hoax. I was myself present within ten minutes or a quarter of an hour after the catastrophe.

"I had put up on the 17th, at the Dongella, which you may recollect, is situated on the Arno, kept by Mons. Devarde, when about 7 o'clock in the morning of the 18th I was suddenly awakened by shouts from the streets, I immediately dressed and repaired to the place of confusion, where all Pisa seemed to have been collected. The crowd was immense.

"The Campanile, or Leaning Tower, which had been shaken by the earthquake in September last, and which had stood the seige of time since 1174, has now become, I may say, almost a total ruin, having fallen to the Southward, reaching nearly to the Strada across the green. Strange to say, the upper portion is comparitively but little shattered, having been so admirably clam-ped with iron. The centre is a completely mutilated ruin, from the extreme weight of the superstructure-which whole remained. The marble pillars, of which there were nearly two hundred, were very much shat-tered, though some of those from the extreme top were but slightly injured; the bronze doors, which were brought from Jerusalem, are uninjured-the Tower, up to the first landing, (about 20 feet,) remaining immoveable, so that, as it now stands, the great secret of whether this building was purposely constructed 12 feet out of the perpendicular or not, still remains a mystery. It is prosed to deposit the pillars on the 'Campo Santo," until the Government take some steps as to what is best to be done; the marble pillars are very valuable. I left for Leghorn on the 20th, where I took the steamer Eræolano for Marseilles, where I remained one day, and then proceeded to Paris, where I arrived two days since.

Toronto (Canada) Colonist.

THE GREAT WEST .- A recent tourist through the great western valley, enumer ates some of "the wonders of the way" in a letter to the Newtown Journal, and mentions amongst other great and amazing things that came under his sight, a Kentuckian 7 feet 10 inches high—a catfish weighing 100 pounds—perch 15 pounds—500 bushels of strawberries in one day, many of which were one inch in diameter-trees 27 feet in circumference, soil from 20 to 30 feet in depth, praire flies nearly as large as humming birds, and musquitoes the size of vellow wasps.

THE CHANCES OF BATTLE.—" At Water-loo," said Napoleon, "I ought to have been victorious. The chances were a hundred to one in my favor. But Nay, the bravest of the brave at the head of 42,000 Frenchman, suffered himself to be delayed a whole day by some thousands o Nassau troops.—
Had it not been for this inexplicable mactivity, the English arms would have been taken flagrante delice, and annihilated without striking a blow. Grouchy with 40,000 men, suffered Bulow and Blucher to escape from him; and finally, a heavy shower of rain made the ground so off that it wa impossible to commence the attack at

early, Wellington's army would have been trodden down in the defiles of the forest, before the Prussians could have had time to arrive. It were otherwise lost without resource. The defeat of Wellington's army would have been peace, the repose of Europe, the geognition of the interests of the masses, and of the democracy."

Motholon's Mistory.

SUICIDE BY A GAZELLE .- A curious instance of extreme affection in an animal, which ended fatally, took place some time since, at the country residence of Baron Gauci, in Malta. A female Gazelle having suddenly died from something it had eaten, the male stood over the dead body of his mate, butting every one who attempted to touch it, then suddenly making a spring, struck his head against a wall, and fell dead at the side of his companion.

Malta Times.

The Cincinnati Commercial says that Mrs. Fremont, does not accompany Lieut. Kit Carson to the Pacific, but stops at Independence, Mo., where she will await her husband's return.

Of 109 members of Congress who voted to censure Gen. Taylor, only about 24 have so far been re-elected to Congress, and only four of these were re-elected after the obnoxious vote was given—the others having been mainly re-elected last fall.

CAUTION TO MOTHERS .- Last Tuesday the wife of Robert Field, of Flushing, N. Y., while washing her house, left the room in which was her infant child of about nine months old, and on her return found that it

## TANNING LEATHER.

Leather is composed of gelatine or glue and albumen, with a quantity of oleaginous matter composed of ealine and stearine.-By mixing lime, or any alkali, with the skin, it combines with the stearine, making soap, or stearate of lime, and by boiling and pressing the caline is brought out. Tannic "I was fortunate enough to be at Pisa acid is the principle which preserves the during the earthquake on the 18th of June, hide and renders it leather, and it is contained in oak bark in greater proportions than in other things, and is separated from it more easily. The effect of tannic acid is to coagulate and render insoluble the gelatine upon which it acts as an astringent, and contacts its particles. The object then of laying the hide in the bark liquor is to render inscluble the gelatine, and also to add asmuch weight as possible. It used to take years of soaking to bring the acid into contact with the ultimate particles of the hide, but now it is done by chemical means in a very short time. Magnesia neutralizes the acid, and hence water containing magnesia, which is the case with Newark water, is injurious to the liquor.

Several machines have been invented for hastening the process of bringing the acid in contact with the ultimate particles. One of them consisted in passing the skin between rollers, which press out the weak liquor and allow it to receive the strong -Another was to fasten the hide to the periphery of a wheel revolving in the vat, by which it is lifted from and immersed in the liquor frequently. Three or four vats placed side by side, were also used, in which the leather is suspended upon frames which are kept in motion. None of these methods. however, were considered as perfectly successful, An Englishman attracted much attention some time ago with a cylinder, in which he placed the hides and liquor, and kept it constantly revolving, and in this manner he tanned the leather in about 40 days. In tanneries where the leather has the greatest weight, they have the liquor of a certain strength, and change it every day. Hides are in this way tanned in about four months, which is better and more rapid than the old method of letting them lie in weak liquor. The operation of the rollers was to disintregate the leather and do away with some of the particles, and thus injured it. Some inventors place the hides under an airpump with the liquor, and then exhaust the air, and upon letting it in again the external pressure forces the liquor into the hide; by repeating the process and finishing by foreing the liquor in with a force pump the leather is speedily tanned. English leather thus tanned was much more durable than the American leather, and it had been finished in a month.

Prof. Mapes stated before the Newark Conversational Meeting that he had been experimenting some time upon this subject and hit upon a plan which he thought was worthy the consideration of practical men. It was to prepare a cylinder with holes perforated throughout its circumference and spread the hides over these, upon the inside and then pour in the liquor. If the cylinder be revolved about 3000 times in a minute the water will pass through, by the centrifugal force rapidly as if nothing re-strained it, and by actual experiment he found that no tannic acid was left in the liquor that thus came through the leather. He thought with regard to the English leather, tanned in a vacuum, that arsenic had had been possibly put in by the tanner, as a portion had upon analysis been found in it, and it was well known that this was a great preservative,

HINTS TO FARMERS.—Tomatoes make excellent preserves.

Toads are the very best protection of cabbage against lice.

it wa impossible to commence the attack at Plants, when drooping, are revived by a day-break. Had I been able to commence few grains of camphor.

Pears generally improve by grafting on the mountain ash.

Sulphur is valuable in preserving grapes, &c., from insects.

Lard never spoils in warm weather, if it is cooked enough in frying out. In feeding corn, 60lbs. ground goes as far

as 100lbs. in the kernel. Corn meal should never be ground very

fine. It injures the richness of it. Turnips of small size have double the

nutricious matter that the large ones

Ruta Baga is the only root that increases in nutritious qualities as it increases in Order No. -

Sweet olive oil is a certain cure for the bite of a rattlesnake. Apply it internally

and externally. Rats and other vermin are kept away from grain by sprinkling of garlic when

packing the sheaves. Money skilfully expended in drying land by draming or otherwise, will be returned

with ample interest, To cure scratches on a horse, wash the legs with warm soapsuds, and then with beef brine. Two applications will cure in

the worst case. Timber cut in the spring and exposed to the weather with the bark on, decays much

sooner than if cut in the fall. Experiments show apples to be equal to potates to improve hogs, and decidedly pre-

ferable for cattle. Wild onions may be destroyed by cultiting corn, ploughing and leaving the field

in its ploughed state all winter.

How to Make a Doule Crop on Poor Som.-Plough up your ground intended for corn in the fall of the year, as deep as you can plough it; let it lie till spring; at the opening of which, when the frost is entirely out of the ground, give it a good ploughing and harrow it down. It is then in good order for preparing to plant, Take of slacked ashes two thirds, and of ground plaster, one third; mix them well together, and follow the droppers, and put as much on the seeds as you can grasp in your hand and cover it well over in the usual way. The corn will grow up finely and retain a strong vigorous growth and green color, and stand the drought much better than upon the strongest culture .-The writer of this having tried the experiment for two years has fully tested its

Ware-House and Commission BUSINESS.



They hope, by strict attention, to merit a share of public patronage.

Their House will be open on the first September for the transaction of business. JOHNSON RAMEY.

JOHN TAGGART. June 23, 1847. I7 tf The Hamburg Journal will copy the above until further orders.

Warehouse and Factorage. The subscribers have pur-Esq., the Cotton Warehouse in Esq., the Cotton Warehouse in Hamburg, recently occupied by Dr. J. F. Griffin. and formerly by Messrs. H. L. Jeffers & Co., situated at the foot of the Hill, and immediately at the head of the main business street. From its superlor location, and being surrounded by a stream of water, it is comparatively exempt from the casualty of fire and entirely above the reach of high freshets.

They propose to carry on exclusively the WAREHOUSE and GENERAL FAC-FORAGE. BUSINESS, under the firm of GEIGER & PARTLOW.

Having engaged an experienced and competent assistant, in addition to their own personal attention, and possessing means to make liberal advances on produce consigned to their care, they hereby tender their services to Planters, Merchants and others, in the STORAGE and SALE of COTTON, FLOUR, BACON, and other PRODUCE, in RECEIVING and FORWARDING MERCHANDISE, and PURCHASING

GOODS to ORDER.
W. W. GEIGER.
JAS. Y. L. PARTLOW. June 9

Bagging and Rope. The subscriber oners to the rates of the market,
150 p's. heavy KENTUCKY BAGGING
75 do. DUNDEE do
As suitable for making sheets to sun wheat on, forty-five inches wide. Orders from his friends and the public generally for these articles, will be strictly attended to. He solicits orders.

J. HOWARD.
15 4tsm The subscriber offers to sell at the lowest Hamburg, June 9 I5 4tsm

The State of South Carolina. ABBEVILLE DISTRICT.

In the Court of Common Pleas, James Cochran v James Fish.—Attach-

The Plaintiff in this case having filed his The Plaintiff in this case having filed his declaration in the Clerk's office this day: And the defendant having neither wife or attorney known to be in this State. Ordered that said defendant do plead to the said declaration within a year and a day from this date, otherwise judgment by default will be awarded against him. TP.SPIERIN, C. C. P. Clerk's Office 29th April 1847 1y 14

LAW BLANKS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE,

Head Quarters.



LIMESTONE SPRINGS, July 1, 1847.

The following Regiments will parade for Review and Drill, at the times and places as follows, viz:

The 39th Regiment of Infantry, near Ruff's Mountain, on Tuesday, the 10th of August next.

The 38th Regiment of Infantry, at Keller's, on Thursday, the 12th of August. The 10th Regiment of Cavalry, at Mar-

tin's, on Saturday, the 14th of August. The 40th Regiment of Infantry, at Boyd's on Tuesday, the 17th of August.

The 41st Regiment of Infantry, at Park's Old Field, on Thursday, the 19th of Au-

The 45th Regiment of Infantry, at the Burnt Factory, on Saturday, the 21st of

The 9th Regiment of Cavalry, near the Glenn Springs, on Tuesday, the 24th of

The 36th Regiment of Infantry, at Tim-mons' Old Field, on Tuesday, the 31st of

The 1st Regiment of Infantry, at Bruton's, on Thursday, the 2nd of September

The 3d Regiment of Infantry, at Toney's Old Store, on Saturday, the 4th of Septem-

The 1st Regiment of Cavalry, at Pickensville, on Tuesday, the 7th of Septem-

The 5th Regiment of Infantry, at Hunter's, on Thursday, the 9th of September. The 2d Regiment of Infantry, at Hall's.

on Saturday, the 11th of September. The 42d Regiment of Infantry, at Minton's, on Tuesday, the 14th of September.

The 4th Regiment of Infantry, at Varennes, on Thursday, the 16th of Septem-The 6th Regiment of Infantry, at Lo-

max's, on Saturday, the 18th of September. The 8th Regiment of Infantry, at any place the the Brigadier General may select, and report to this Department the point se-

lected, on Tuesday, the 21st of September. The 2d Regiment of Cavalry, at Longmire's on Thursday, the 23d of Septem

The 9th Regiment of Infantry, at Low's on Saturday, the 25th of September.

The 7th Regiment of Infantry, at the Old Wells, on Tuesday, the 28th of Sep-

The 10th Regiment of Infantry, at Rich ardson's on Thursday, the 30th of Septem-

The Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers will assemble at their respective parade grounds on the day previous to review, for drill and instruction.

The Major Generals will, with their staff, attend the reviews, in their divisions, and the Brigadier Generals will, with their staff, attend in their respective Brigades, and are harged with the extension of this order.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief. J. W. CANTEY, Adj't. and Insp'r. General. July 28

Dr. Spencer's Vegetable Pills, And Tonic and Restorative Bitters. As a proof of the popularity of these medi-

cines, we subjoin the following:

A. Campbell, Sumpter District, So, Ca., writes, ordering fresh supplies, and states that Judge Richardson, and others of that District, have made use of them for dyspepsia, liver complaint, jaundice and general debility, with

great success. John T. Ervin, of Darlington, S. C., that he is all out of the Bitters, and orders a fresh supply-that wherever used they are approved of, and their popularity fast increasing.
Thomas Fletcher, Telfair co., Ga., writes,

he is all out, in less than two months after taking the agency, and orders a new and large

supply.

Wm. B. Beazeley, Barnwell, District, S.
C., G D Collins, Anson co., N. C., M A Santes, Norfolk, Va., and large numbers of others, write for fresh supplies, informing us of the rapid sales and increasing popularity of these Pills and Bitters.

As proof the efficacy of these Medicines,

read the following: Nathan G. Cully. Johnson co., N. C., was cured of a case of the measles, followed by a long protracted attack of chills and fever, by the use of one box of pills and one bottle of

Stewart Beggs, Druggist, of Augusta, was cured of a long protracted case of the Piles, by the use of two bottles of bitters.

Mr \_\_\_\_\_, one of the Judges of Jefferson co., Ga., was cured of dyspepsia and Piles, by use of two bottles of bitters taken in connection with the Pills.

Col Sherwood, Tallahassee, Fla., was cured of dyspepsia and liver complaint in four weeks after commencing the use of the pills and bit-

And these are only a few isolated cases among the many which are daily coming to our knowledge. To the afflicted we say, make trial of Spencers pills and bitters before giving up your case as incurable. Many have been cured-many others may be.

The above Medicines, Fresh and Gennine, are for sale by Wardlaw & Dendy, and at the Post Office.

other information concerning the above Medicines, see future advertisements, also pamphlets which may be obtained of the Agents.

July 14 20 1m CANDIDATES.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

We are authorized to announce JOHN M. GOLDING as a candidate for Tax Collector at the ensuing election.

We are authorized to announce JAMES M. CALVERT, as a candidate for TAX COLLECTOR, at the ensuing election.

The friends of Capt. E. C. MARTIN, announce him as a candidate for TAX COLLEC-TOR, at the next ensuing election. The friends of WILLIAM J. HAM-

MOND, take pleasure in announcing him a Candidate for TAX COLLECTOR at the ensuing election. The Friends of JOSEPH S. D. WETH.

ERALL, announce him as a Candidate for TAX COLLECTOR, at the ensuing elec-

The friends of the Rev. JAS. MOORE respectfully announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector at the ensuing The Friends of W S. HARRIS, announce

him as a candidate for re-election to the office of TAX COLLECTOR, at the ensuing

We are authorised to announce JOHN CUNNINGHAM, as a candidate for TAX COLLECTOR, at the next election.

The friends of EZEKIEL TRIBLE announce him as a candidate for the office of

Tax Collector at the ensuing election. We are authorized to announce T. T. CUNNINGHAM as a candidate for Tax Collector at the ensuing election.

Greenwood Female Academy. ABBEVILLE DISTRICT, S. C. (Under the Control of the Baptist Deno-

mination.) The first session of this Institution terminated on Friday the 11th instant, in the handsome and commodious school-house recently erected in the above salubrious and pleasant village. The principals, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Nicholls, are desirous to tender their grateful acknowledgments to their friends and the public for the very liberal patronage so early bestowed on their new undertaking, and to assure them that neither labor nor expense shall be spared to ensure a continuance of the confidence thus implied. They have had forty pupils under their charge during the present session, and are now prepared, both with competent assistants and airy and convenient school-rooms, to receive a much greater number: similar arrangements are made to secure comfortable board to all appli-

They again submit to the Public their very

reasonable terms: Per Session of Five Months.

Orthography, Reading, Writing and The above, with Geography, Grammar, Parsing and Composition, :

The above, with History, Moral and Intellectual Philosophy, Logic and : : 12.00

Use of the Globes, Construction of Maps, Algebra, Geometry, Chem-

istry, Botany and Astronomy, : 15.00 The French and Spanish Languages, each : : : : : : : :

A Philosophical Apparatus will soon be supplied. Mrs. Nicholls's Department.

MUSIC-Piano and Singing, : : 20 00 Use of the Piano, : : : : Embroidery and other Fancy Needlework, (the pupil finding her own materials,) : : : : : :

Good board can be obtained at \$8.00 per

Miss Sarah A. Anderson, who is engaged as assistant instructress in Music, is prepared to give lessons in Drawing and Oil and Water-color Painting.

The second session commences Monday the 26th of July next, and it is earnestly recommended that every pupil should be present on

Mr. and Mrs. Nicholls confidently refer to his Excellency Gov. Johnson and the Hon. F. H. Emore, of Columbia; to the Hon. William J. Grzyson and John C. Hoff, Esq., of Charleston; to the Rev. Dr. Thomas Curtis, of Limestone Springs, in whose school they taught during the year 1846; and to any of the parents of their present pupils. Greenwood, June 12

The State of South Carolina. ABBEVILLE DISTRICT, In the Court of Common Pleas.

Benjamin F, Spikes, who has been arrested, and is now confined within the bounds of the jail of Abbeville District, by virtue of a writ of capias ad satisfaciendum, at the suit of Wade S Cothran and James Sproul, having filed his petition, with a schedule, on oath, of his whole estate and effects, for the purpose of abtaining the benefit of the Acts of the General Assembly commonly called "the Insolvent Debtors Act:"—Public Notice is hereby given that the petition of the said Benjamin F. Spikes will be heard and considered in the Court of Common Pleas to be holden for Abbeville District, at Abbeville Court House, on the third Monday of October next, or on such other day thereafter as the said Court may order; and all the creditors of the said Benja-min F, Spikes are hereby summoned personally or by attorney to be and appear then and there; in the said Court, to show cause, if any they can, why the benefit of the Acts afore-said should not be granted to the said Benjamin F Spikes, upon his taking the oath, and executing the assignment required by the Acts aforesaid. J F LIVINGSTON, Clerk. Clerk's Office, Dec 26, 1846 44 18mO

Notice. I would refer my friends and clients to John H. Wilson Esq., with whom I have left my whole business, and who, during my absence, will give all necessary information and assistance to those who have hitherto given, or who may hereafter be destrous of extending to me their patronage and encouragement.

JOHN B. MORAGNE,

Dec. 30, 1846.

Dec. 30, 1846. 44 15